

Nov. 1, 1900.

EX-GOV. BRADLEY IS HERE TO-DAY.

Nov. 1, 1900.

This week the CITIZEN calls on several who are not subscribers, and asks them, "Why not?"

Nov. 6th is Election Day. The Goebel managers have refused to arrange for a fair election, but honest Democrats, Republicans, and others can and will protest against this tyranny by voting for Yerkes.

Circulation, 1000.

An Independent Weekly, Devoted to the Interests of the Home, School, and Farm.

60 c a Year

VOL. II.

BEREA, MADISON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1900.

NO. 20.

THE CITIZEN

Rev. JOHN DODWELL, Manager.
With Strong Staff of Editors and Correspondents.

Entered at the Post-office at Berea, Ky., as second class mail-matter.

IDEAS.

On election day all men are equal. Fortune favors the brave. Noise is not always happiness. A child is better unborn than untought. Idleness is the mother of mischief and sin.

TAKE NOTICE.

President Frost will preach Saturday night at Wagersville; Sunday morning at Station Camp, and Sunday night at Beaver Pond; all in Estill County.

The Prohibition Club will hold its meeting Saturday evening at 6:30 in Room 4 Lincoln Hall. All Prohibition voters are cordially invited to this meeting.

Winter Term opens Dec. 12. Young men who apply to Mr. J. C. Teeters for work, wages to be used for schooling, can now find employment. Several are working and saving up for Winter term. Come along quick.

Rev. Wm. Lodwick will preach at Berea Church, Sunday 11 a. m. Holy Communion at this service. Members are urged to attend. A cordial welcome awaits everybody.

Instead of the regular lecture next Tuesday night, the election returns (received by special wire in the Chapel) will be announced from the platform from 9 o'clock on.

FROM THE WIDE WORLD.

An earthquake at Caracas, Venezuela, injured the U.S. legation building.

Friedrich Max Muller, the philologist, is dead.

The Paris Exposition will be prolonged till Nov. 11.

IN OUR OWN COUNTRY.

Volunteers in the Philippines will begin coming home Nov. 15.

All signs point to the election of McKinley and Roosevelt by overwhelming majorities. It will not be safe, however, for anyone who desires their election to stay at home on election day. While many have been disappointed in President McKinley in various matters it is still the opinion of those most competent to judge that his re-election will do more for the prosperity and honor of the country than his defeat. When our national credit is the best in the world, and when farmers are getting as much for a calf skin as they used to get for the whole calf, it may be just as well "to let well enough alone."

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY.

Mr. Yerkes at Williamsburg, Saturday.

Democratic rallies were held all over Kentucky Saturday.

Gov. Beckham addressed a large crowd at Maysville, Saturday.

Ex-Congressman Dickerson (Dem.) has taken the stump for Yerkes.

Mr. Yerkes will close his campaign on Monday afternoon at Lexington and at night at Georgetown.

Two laundresses at Lakeland asylum were discharged for not contributing 30 per cent. of their wages to the campaign fund.—Louisville Commercial.

Madison County.

The Glade District Republican Club have arranged a Grand Parade for to-day, in honor of the visit of Ex-Governor Bradley who speaks in the Tabernacle at 1 p. m. This morning 200 members of the club, attended by the Berea College Band, went out to Big Hill Post-office to meet a delegation of 500 horsemen from Jackson county and one of 150 from Estill county. They will be joined at Silver Creek by another delegation of 400 from Rockcastle county, and one from Kingston and Bear Wallow of 200. In town they will be met by the band from Richmond, and Clubs from Madison and Garrard counties and other points. The line of march will be continued to the depot, where they will meet the Orator of the Day and escort him to the Tabernacle.

Locals and Personals.

Important Notice.—If you wish to rent rooms or houses for the Winter Term apply at once to T. J. Osborne, Berea, Ky. Several new dwellings are being built.

J. C. Sharp will soon be at home for the winter.

Mrs. James Roulett has been quite ill the past week.

Miss Ruth Putnam has been quite sick the past few days.

E. D. Mitchell sold 104 acres of land to Mrs. R. C. Baker of Lexington.

Mrs. Lou Hardin has not improved so rapidly as friends were hoping she would.

Mrs. Henry Duncan, of Lancaster, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Anderson Crawford.

A notice posted at the pump in rear of Science Hall reads: "Water unfit for drinking." Bad news this for teetotallers.

The Prohibition Club at its last meeting was addressed by Messrs. Nixon, Lodwick and Battle.

John Jackson, who has been in Ohio for some time, has returned home to vote.

J. B. Lucas has sold his Hotel to John Hoskins of Scaffold Cane and will give possession the first of the year.

Mrs. Julia Hunting and daughter returned from Cincinnati Sunday. Mrs. Hunting's health is improving.

Frank Maupin and Mrs. Fannie Withers were married Saturday. The CITIZEN extends best wishes.

Mrs. Evan Richardson and two sons, from Estill county, have rented rooms of Mrs. Sallie Cornelison.

Miss Mary Scott fell from her bicycle Saturday and broke one or two bones of her right hand.

W. P. Chapman is agent in Berea for the sale of the story of the life and work of Booker T. Washington.

E. B. Wallace, of Wallaceton, on Chestnut St. and will move the first of November.

Claude Schram is sick at the Hospital. Miss Myrtle Burr, who was taken to the Hospital last week, is improving.

Mrs. Dodwell, wife of our manager, arrived Friday. Mr. and Mrs. Dodwell have taken board and rooms with the Misses Richardson.

Mrs. Graham, of New York, who is here to encourage the flax industry, gave a fine exhibition of flax-breaking Monday. She is teaching girls to make embroidery on homespun linen cloth.

The College Band has practiced every night this week in order to be ready for the Parade today. They received hearty applause at Richmond and were the recipients of many courtesies.

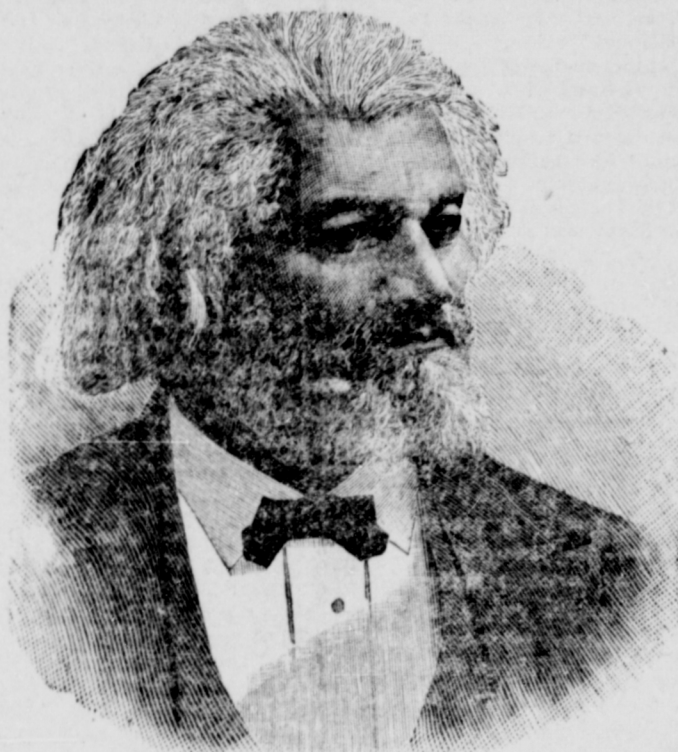
The Berea Hospital is doing a good work. Miss Van Horn, the superintendent, has won the love and confidence of our whole community. The Directing Committee are T. J. Osborne, Dr. E. B. McCoy, Mrs. Isaac Davis, and Miss J. A. Robinson.

Rev. and Mrs. J. A. Van Neste, of Ridgewood, N. J., stopped here on their way to McKee where his Church (the Dutch Reform) is supporting two Sunday-school workers. Mr. Van Neste made a pleasant address at Chapel Service.

Miss Adelia Fox who was for some time matron of Model Cottage is visiting Berea and especially Narrow Gap. It is possible that the people of Narrow Gap will build a house for her there, and she may devote herself to Christian work in that locality for some time.

Miss Merrow, accompanied by Miss Douglas, is visiting a number of schools to see if there are any improvements which might be made in the management of the Boarding Hall. She spares no pains or expense to discover and put into practice everything which will help furnish the best board for the money. It is a wonderful thing to do what she does for \$1.25 a week.

For all fresh cuts or wounds, in either the human subject or in animals, as a dressing, Ballard's Snow Liniment is excellent; while for sores on working horses, especially if slow to heal, or suppurating, its healing qualities are unequalled. Price 25 and 50 cts. S. E. Welch, Jr.



"The Republican Party is the Ship, all else the Sea."—Frederick Douglass.

The Question of Nov. 6th.

The question to be decided by the voters of Kentucky on the 6th of November is simply this: Shall we have in this commonwealth a real democracy, an honest government by the people.

This question far outweighs in solemn importance all the other issues which can be discussed in the present campaign.

The facts are these: First, the majority of the citizens of Kentucky, whether Democrats or Republicans, are in favor of honesty in elections, and a wise and patriotic management of the state government.

Second: A group of politicians, who have called themselves Democrats, have been managing the state in such a way as to benefit themselves and not the people. The Democratic Party is not responsible for the conduct of these men for they have done what they have done by capturing the machinery of the Democratic Party and acting contrary to the will of the majority of the Democrats.

Third: They have kept up their power and influence by many unfair methods. For example, they have unfairly and illegally distributed the legislative districts in such a way that a member of the Legislature has been elected by ten or twelve thousand voters in parts of the state which favored this group of politicians, while in other parts of the state they have made the district so large that it required twenty or thirty thousand voters to elect one member of the Legislature.

Fourth: Their crowing invention was the Goebel Law, which enabled them to manipulate the elections of the entire state so that they could put anyone whom they chose into office, no matter how the votes were cast. All fair minded men must agree that this Goebel Law was the most undemocratic measure that could be devised. It was really worse than a Ku-Klux raid, a feud, or a lynching, for it was not passed in a passion, but devised with malevolent coolness. **The foulest outrage that can be perpetrated upon a people is outrage by law.**

Fifth: And finally, after many professions of honesty and fairness, these Goebelites have refused to amend the law, or in any way to lessen its objectionable features, for the coming election. We do not presume to judge the hearts of our fellow men, but this we know, if the Goebelite politicians desired to over-ride the will of the people and steal the offices of this great commonwealth, they would have done exactly what they have done.

What can be accomplished November 6th, we do not know, but one thing is certain: every free man can go to the polls and cast a vote for John W. Yerkes which shall be his earnest protest against this outrage and oppression. It is of the utmost importance that we should cast these votes in so orderly and earnest a manner as to show our resolution. The CITIZEN suggests that a voluntary record of the votes cast against Goebelism should be kept at each polling place in order that this may be a means of judging somewhat as to the counting of the ballots. We firmly believe that very many of the judges of election, although appointed by the Goebelites, will still be too upright and honorable to carry out the Goebelite program of fraud. It will thus be possible to overthrow the present tyranny in Kentucky without an armed revolution.

A vote against Yerkes is a vote against fair elections by the people.

The Colored Voter.

The colored voter has large power in his hands in Kentucky, and he has generally used it for the public good.

In the present election we can safely count upon the colored men of Kentucky to vote in favor of an honest election and a fair government.

Kentucky furnished about eleven thousand colored soldiers in the war for the Union. When they enlisted there were many people who were surprised, and who expected them to act like cowards on the field of battle. But they showed themselves patient, orderly, and courageous men, and when the war was over they had made many friends for their race. The verdict of the country was, "Men who are good enough to be soldiers are too good to be slaves."

The colored people have had "a hard row to hoe" since emancipation. Slavery had not trained them to think for themselves. It had taught them to shirk rather than to work, and steal rather than to save. The best lessons which the colored man had before the war were the instructions in labor given by intelligent and kindly masters and mistresses. Much of this instruction he has missed in later years. The public schools are beginning to give the colored children some adequate training. On the whole there has been progress in the right direction. Certainly the fifteen thousand colored men who served in the Spanish-American war acquitted themselves well. And the Afro-American officers (some 300 men) commissioned by Pres. McKinley, proved worthy of the confidence which he reposed in them.

It is still true, however, that the colored people need the encouragement of their neighbors in every way. It is an old proverb that if you call a man a thief he will steal. In neighborhoods where every one is "down on" the Negro, the colored people are apt to be unreliable and shiftless. But this shiftlessness can best be overcome by setting before them the hope of success and an honorable recognition among their fellow-citizens. Wherever the colored people have been most trusted, and where people have expected them to do well and to do right, they have shown marked improvement. In many counties the superintendent of education has testified that the colored school trustees and colored teachers have been more painstaking, faithful and business-like, than the white.

The present election in Kentucky is one in which the Negro has as much interest as any of us. The great question is whether a citizen who has the Constitutional right to vote shall have his vote counted, and whether the magistrates who receive the majority of the votes shall be put in office to direct the affairs of the commonwealth. This is not a Republican issue, but it is an issue of manhood and honesty and fairness and American institutions. The colored voter will stand beside the best white men of the commonwealth in voting for John W. Yerkes.

Dizziness, loss of appetite, flatulency and nausea are all connected with despesia or indigestion. Herbine will give prompt relief. Price 50 cts. S. E. Welch Jr.

Read, Reflect, Act!

Mr. Covington, of Covington & Mitchell has purchased the interest of Mr. Mitchell, deceased, from the administrators, to take effect January 1, 1900. In order to meet our obligations by Jan. 1st., it will be necessary for us to do the greatest business in our career. Our entire stock in this short time must be converted into money, and we know of no better way to bring about this result quick than

Extraordinary Low Prices.

After a careful consideration we concluded to name such Low Prices on every item in our store as will cause people to wonder.

It has taken a great deal of courage to do this at the very beginning of the Fall Season. But, we figure on doing a tremendous volume of business and at the same time feel that by giving mighty values that we are going to make many new and lasting Customers and increase the prestige of this store for the future. Now, we know, everybody knows that we always have given the best merchandise the market affords. For the Fall our stock of

Men's and Boy's Clothing, Furnishings, Hats, and Shoes

Is better, stronger and More Original than ever before. Of course, the early buyers will get the cream of selection and those who grasp the opportunity now will show their good judgement.

Covington & Mitchell, Richmond, Ky.

Colored Leaders.

The CITIZEN is glad to show its readers this week the face of one of the first great leaders of the colored race of America.

Frederick Douglass was born a slave. He escaped from his master, secured a good education, and was gifted with such power of speech that the most intelligent audiences in England and America were charmed by his eloquence. Douglass was an example, showing what the colored race could attain. The majority of colored people are of course as yet largely uneducated, and many of them have the faults which are to be expected in those who have but recently emerged from a state of bondage. What is necessary to secure for them the sympathy and consideration of their fellow-citizens is a discrimination which shall recognize merit and worth and character where it exists among them. The world needed to know what were the possibilities of the African race, and Frederick Douglass showed them. It used to be said that no one who had ever heard Douglass speak would be likely thereafter to speak of a colored man as a "nigger."

The example of such a man must prove to the world that the colored race is capable of vast progress and improvement; and the name of Frederick Douglass should be an encouragement and incentive to every young colored man or woman.

WANTED—ACTIVE MAN OF GOOD CHARACTER to deliver and collect in Kentucky for old established manufacturing wholesale house \$800 a year, sure pay. Honesty more than experience required. Our reference, any bank in any city. Enclose self-addressed, stamped envelope Manufacturers, Third Floor, 334 Dearborn St. Chicago.

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Berea College, Winter Term, opens December 12, 1900.

HIS BODY LAID TO REST

Burial of the Remains of the Late John Sherman at Mansfield, O.

President William McKinley and Secretary Root Were Among the Many Distinguished Visitors Who Attended the Funeral.

Washington, Oct. 23.—In the capital of the nation, where his life work has been accomplished, there gathered Wednesday representatives of every government and the representatives of many foreign powers to pay homage to the memory of John Sherman. The massive black casket rested on a black draped catafalque in the parlor. The air was heavy with the scent of roses, orchids and hot-house flowers, that had come from all quarters as a final testimonial of affection and respect. President McKinley, who had left Washington the night after Mr. Sherman's death, was represented by Secretary Hay, who was one of the honorary pallbearers.

The services at the house were simple. They began at 1 p. m. and were conducted by Rev. Alexander MacKay-Smith, pastor of St. John's Episcopal church, assisted by Rev. E. M. Paddock, assistant rector. The casket was then lifted by the bearers, with the honorary pallbearers following, and carried from the house, where a detachment of the 5th cavalry, under Col. Rafferty, was expected to escort it to the depot. The honorary pallbearers, who were grouped about the coffin during the ceremony, were Secretary Hay, Secretary Gage, Justice Harlan, of the supreme court; Adm. Dewey, Gen. Nelson A. Miles, ex-Senator Cameron, of Pennsylvania; Senator Hawley, of Connecticut; Judge Bancroft Davis, Hon. J. A. Kasson, of the state department, and Col. M. M. Parker.

The funeral party left for Mansfield, O., on a special train over the Pennsylvania railroad at 3:30 o'clock.

Mansfield, O., Oct. 26.—John Sherman was laid to rest Thursday afternoon with honors that would have been fit tribute to the ruler of a nation.

Two score members of the Sherman brigade, organized in this region chiefly through the influence of Sherman when Lincoln made his first call for troops, were in line. Company M, of the 8th regiment, O. N. G., paid him a like honor. A delegation came from Lancaster, O., his birthplace. There were delegations from every section of the state. Most impressive of all, however, was the tribute of the people of the city. A massive arch of somber black spanned Main street. At either side in gold figures were the years of Sherman's birth and death, 1823-1900. Over the arch was the simple inscription: "The nation's loss." All the public buildings and many blocks and residences were draped in black. A multitude jammed and choked the streets to show their respects for one whom they had delighted to serve in life and whom they honored in death. Political ties were forgotten. Political banners that had spanned the streets and pictures of candidates were hidden away.

When the funeral train reached Canton Thursday morning it was greeted by a large crowd. The private cars of President McKinley and Col. M. T. Herrick, of Cleveland, were attached to the train. With the president were: Secretary of War Root, Secretary Cortelyou, Judge W. R. Day and Judge Baldwin.

As the funeral party marched to the carriage the people lifted their hats and the silent demonstration was very impressive. Mayor Brown and a committee of old neighbors of Sherman and ex-Congressman Kerr received the party on behalf of the city. In the lead was a carriage containing President McKinley, Secretary Root, Secretary Cortelyou and Mr. Kerr. Then followed other carriages with distinguished citizens, the Sherman brigade, Company M, of the 8th regiment, and many citizens of Mansfield.

Four policemen bore the casket from the funeral car into the church. Rev. A. B. Putnam received the party in the church, and there was a brief service. Floral emblems were innumerable. They were hung on the altar rail and massed on the floor. The most noteworthy was a mammoth representation of the Rock of Ages with a cross and crown, the tribute of the city of Mansfield. There was a wreath from the White House conservatory and an other from the British embassy.

The casket was placed on a catafalque in front of the altar and there the remains lay in state for three hours. Soon after the funeral party, the delegation from Columbus, headed by Gov. Nash, Senator Foraker, Gen. Dick and Auditor of State Guilbert passed by the casket.

At the cemetery the services were brief, consisting of ritualistic readings and a chant. Mr. Sherman's remains were then placed beside those of his wife, who died last spring.

Will Soon Be Settled.

Sofia, Oct. 29.—At the opening of the Sobranje Sunday, Prince Ferdinand predicted that the difficulty between Bulgaria and Roumania, growing out of the latter's demands for the suppression of the Macedonian revolutionary committee would soon be settled.

Robbed By Pirates.

Hong-Kong, Oct. 29.—The British steamboat *Perseverance*, plying between Hong-Kong and Macao, has been boarded by pirates and robbed of \$19,000 in specie.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Lesson in the International Series for November 4, 1900.—The Unjust Steward.

[Prepared by H. C. Lenington.]
THE LESSON TEXT.

1. And He said unto His disciples: There was a certain rich man, which had a steward; and the same was accused unto him that he had wasted his goods.

2. And he called him, and said unto him: How is it that I hear this of thee? Give an account of thy stewardship; for thou mayest be no longer steward.

3. Then the steward said within himself: What shall I do? for my lord taketh away from me the stewardship; I cannot dig; to beg I am ashamed.

4. I am resolved what to do, that, when I am put out of my stewardship, they may receive me into their houses.

5. So he called every one of his lord's debtors unto him, and said unto the first: How much owest thou unto my lord?

6. And he said: An hundred measures of oil. And he said unto him: Take thy bill, and sit down quickly, and write fifty.

7. Then said he to another: And how much owest thou? And he said: An hundred measures of wheat. And he said unto him: Take thy bill, and write fourscore.

8. And the lord commended the unjust steward, because he had done wisely; for the children of this world are in their generation wiser than the children of light.

9. And I say unto you: Make to yourselves friends of the mammon of unrighteousness; that, when ye fail, they may receive you into everlasting habitations.

10. He that is faithful in that which is least is faithful also in much; and he that is unjust in the least is unjust also in much.

11. If therefore ye have not been faithful in the unrighteous mammon, who will commit to your trust the true riches?

12. And if ye have not been faithful in that which is another man's, who shall give you that which is your own?

13. No servant can serve two masters; for either he will hate the one, and love the other; or else he will hold to the one, and despise the other. Ye cannot serve God and mammon.

GOLDEN TEXT.—Ye cannot serve God and mammon.—Luke 16:13.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

The lesson plan comes under three heads:

1. The Circumstances.

2. The Parable.

3. Jesus' Lessons and Applications.

The Circumstances.—The little word "also" in verse 1 gives us the key here, implying as it does that it belongs to the same group as the parables we have just been studying. Jesus was continuing his after dinner talk at the house of the Pharisee. He had spoken both to the Pharisees present and also to the publicans. Now in the presence of these He turns to His disciples.

The Parable.—The parable-story is a familiar one. But certain questions arise regarding what classes of people the characters represent. In the first place, who was the rich man? In figuring out the application of most parables we may assume that the chief character in the story represents God, as in the parable of the good shepherd and of the prodigal son. We will probably go amiss if we make such an assumption in this case. We know that Jesus while speaking to His disciples is in a company of publicans and Pharisees. The publicans in a sense were stewards. Their master was the governor of the province, or more remotely the Roman emperor. Looking at it from this standpoint we do not need to make every act of any one of the characters coincide with our own views of right and wrong.

Another thing to take into consideration is the act of the steward. Just in what did that consist? Did he dishonestly discount his master's bills? Or, was it that he had been extorting from his master's debtors more than had been due, and keeping the balance for himself? Either theory is plausible as far as the text is concerned, only the latter makes the commendation of the action more consistent, and we will not have to account for a seeming praising of a bad action. However, this interpretation will not have to be accepted, as a study of the words of the rich man will show not a commendation of the manner in which the steward ingratiated himself, as of the fact that he did manage to gain for himself friends among his debtors.

Jesus' Lessons and Applications.—(1) Make friends of the mammon of unrighteousness, or, better (according to the revised version), by means of the mammon of unrighteousness. In other words, it is right to use money as to gain the gratitude of others less fortunate. That is laying up treasure in Heaven.

Money is called the mammon of unrighteousness, because often wrongfully acquired, and also because it is always a source of great temptation.

(2) The steward had been discharged because of "wasting" or misusing what was entrusted to him. He had probably been unfaithful in little things to begin, until he had become reckless with the larger interests entrusted to his care. (See verse 10.)

(3) Unfaithfulness in the things pertaining solely to this life renders one unfit for those riches of the heart which are the more real, because they do not consist of that which can be lost or destroyed.

(4) One cannot be faithful to himself, who is unfaithful to others.

(5) Mammon (money) is to be a servant, not a master. You cannot live for money and be faithful to God. Serve God and use the things He puts into your hand in His service. Money is a good servant, but it is a cruel, exacting, destructive force if allowed to be more.

Grapes from Canaan.

It is vain boasting of your sap unless you produce the fruit.

He who groans most in prayer frequently loans the Lord least in charity.

Tapering off a bad habit is but spinning out a rope to hold you till the next siege of the temptation.

When a man makes a religion he tries to make one that will let him stay mean and still respect himself. It is remarkable how many different kinds of fish the devil can catch when he baits his hook with money.—Kam's Horn

NOTE FROM FRANCE.

Accepted by Foreign Envoys as the Basis of Discussion.

Russia, in Her Acknowledgment of the Anglo-German Agreement, Unreservedly Accepts the First Two Clauses.

Paris, Oct. 30.—The Havas agency here received the following from Peking:

"The foreign envoys have held further meetings, and the French note has been accepted in principle as the basis of discussion.

"Li Hung Chang has informed the legations of the poisoning of Yu Hsien.

"The Austrian minister has arrived. "A company of French troops sent for a day's march west of Peking, to rid a district that was reported to be infested with Boxers, killed eight rebels, took one prisoner and captured a mitrailleuse.

"The international column now returning from Pao Ting Fu is purging the villages enroute. The armed population is being punished and all arms are destroyed."

London, Oct. 30.—"Russia," says the St. Petersburg correspondent of the Times, "in acknowledging the Anglo-German agreement, unreservedly accepts the first two clauses as establishing the principles she herself had already advocated. Concerning clause 3 she simply refers the two contracting parties to the Russian circular of August 25, saying that she would modify her attitude according to circumstances. The fourth clause is very curtly dismissed with the remark that it does not call for comment."

London, Oct. 30.—"The Chinese plenipotentiaries opened negotiations," said the Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Express, "by promising that China should pay an indemnity of £40,000,000 sterling, in 60 installments, agreeing that the Likin and the customs service should be under foreign control until the obligation should be discharged."

"They also agreed that Prince Tuan should be imprisoned for life, that Tien-Tsin should be treated as an international district and that other places should be opened to foreign trade.

"China undertakes to abstain from purchasing war material abroad. In order to raise the indemnity she proposes to double the import duties."

London, Oct. 29.—Dr. Morrison, writing to the Times from Peking under date of October 26, says: "The foreign ministers in conference to-day decided to add the names of Prince Yi and Ying Nien to those of the seven officials whose execution France has demanded."

"It is said that the commander of the allied troops at Pao Ting Fu has arrested the provincial treasurer, who was chiefly responsible for the ill-treatment of the rescued missionaries."

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Express claims to have authority for the statement that when peace is restored Russia will hand back to its owners the railway from Tong Fu to Niu Chwang.

Berlin, Oct. 29.—The Berliner Post publishes Sunday an inspired article devoted to showing that the Anglo-German agreement will in no way interfere with Russia's interests in Manchuria.

"If England had not arrived at an agreement with Germany," says the Post, "she would have been compelled to do so with Russia. This would have been a serious blow to German trade. Germany in her capacity of an honest broker has served Russian interests."

Vienna, Oct. 29.—The semi-official Politische Correspondenz asserts that France and Russia, after discussion, have decided to accept the Anglo-German agreement.

Thanksgiving Proclamation.

Washington, Oct. 30.—President McKinley Monday issued a Thanksgiving proclamation. He appoints Thursday, November 29 to be observed by all the people of the United States at home or abroad as a day of thanksgiving and praises to Him who holds the nations in the hollow of His hand.

Second Degree Murder.

New-York, Oct. 30.—Guilty of murder in the second degree was the verdict brought in Monday night by the jury before which Arthur Harris, the Negro, has been on trial for killing Patrolman Robert J. Thorpe. It was Harris' unprovoked crime that incited the wholesale race riots on the west side a couple of months ago.

Shocked By an Earthquake.

Guadalajara, Mex., Oct. 30.—Severe earthquakes have been felt in the Colima district and on the Pacific slope during the last several days. The Colima volcano is showing evidences of renewed activity. A great column of smoke is pouring from its crater.

Condition of the Treasury.

Washington, Oct. 30.—Monday's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the \$150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, \$136,582,815; silver, \$6,371,990.

Wants Chinese Question Settled.

London, Oct. 30.—"It is reported here," says the St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Express, "that Emperor Nicholas will propose another conference with a view of settling the Chinese question."

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Too Much for Him.

Doctor—What? Your dyspepsia no better? Did you follow my advice and drink hot water an hour before breakfast?

Patient—I tried to, doctor, but I was unable to keep it up for more than five minutes at a stretch.—Chicago Daily News.

Recommended by a Doctor.

On September 15th, 1900, Mr. C. S. Bahney, Rio Vista Pineapple Plantation, Ankon, Florida, wrote: "I have been using your Lotion for the past two years for pimples or little yellow boils on my face, and it seems to me more good than anything else I can get. I have spent many dollars with Doctors but have not succeeded in getting a permanent cure, and very few have done me any good. Your Lotion was recommended to me by a doctor some two years ago. I have been using it ever since. If your Druggist does not keep it send his name to Solon Palmer, 374 Pearl Street, New York, and receive sample of Lotion and Lotion Soap."

"They say," remarked the philosophic man, "that the darkest hour is just before the dawn." "Jimminy!" exclaimed Lazeborn, "that's one of my brightest hours. For I'm always sure to be asleep then."

Best for the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. Cascarets help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Homeowners' Excursion Tickets.

To nearly all points in the United States on sale at all ticket offices of the Chicago Great Western Railway on the first and third Tuesdays of October, November and December, at the very low homeowners' rate of one fare plus \$2.00 for the round trip. Tickets good for return within 21 days from date of sale. Persons contemplating a trip will save money by calling on any Great Western Agent and obtaining full information regarding the homeowners' rates, or addressing F. H. Lord, G. P. & T. A., 113 Adams St., Chicago.

The Dashing Explorer.

Polar Explorer—What shall I call my new book? "A Dash for the Pole?" Publisher—No. Call it "A Dash for the Lecture Platform."—Baltimore American.

The Best Prescription for Chills.

and Fever is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chills Tonic. It is a simple iron and quinine in tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

An Auction man has been refusing for years to get any new furniture, because the old was not worn out. His wife stopped coaxing, and invited his three nephews to spend the summer. The new furniture had to be bought the day they left.—Aitchison Globe.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

It is said that an ordinary brick weighs about four pounds. Nevertheless, the man who gets hit with one imagines it to weigh about four tons.—Norristown Herald.

Like Oil Upon Troubled Waters is Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar upon a cold. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

An iceman was the only person who possessed sufficient coolness to meet and dispatch a mad dog on a Pittsburgh street the other day.

Carter's Ink is just as cheap as poor ink and is the best ink made. Always use Carter's.

To Mothers of Large Families.

In this workaday world few women are so placed that physical exertion is not constantly demanded of them in their daily life.

Mrs. Pinkham makes a special appeal to mothers of large families whose work is never done, and many of whom suffer, and suffer for lack of intelligent aid.

To women, young or old, rich or poor, Mrs. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., extends her invitation of free advice. Oh, women! do not let your lives be sacrificed when a word from Mrs. Pinkham, at the first approach of

weakness, may fill your future years with healthy joy.

"When I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I was not able to do my housework. I suffered terribly at time of menstruation. Several doctors told me they could do nothing for me. Thanks to Mrs. Pinkham's advice and medicine I am now well, and can do the work for eight in the family."

"I would recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to all mothers with large families."—Mrs. CARRIE BELLEVILLE, Ludington, Mich.

HO! FOR OKLAHOMA!

Read for the first time the new and complete book, "How to Get to Oklahoma," by J. H. Morgan, published by the Oklahoma Land Office, Oklahoma City, Okla. Price 10c. Sent free on receipt of 10c. Address: J. H. Morgan, Oklahoma City, Okla.

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A Noted Knight Templar Owes His Health to Peruna.

Colonel T. P. Moody, a prominent Knight Templar, is well known in every city in the United States west of Buffalo, N. Y., as a Jeweler's Auctioneer. In the city of Chicago as a prominent lodge man, being a member of the K. T.'s and also of the Masons. The cut shows Colonel Moody in the costume of the Oriental Consistory Masons, 32nd degree.

In a recent letter from 5000 Michigan avenue, Chicago, Ill., Mr. Moody says the following:

"For over twenty-five years I suffered from catarrh, and for over ten years I suffered from catarrh of the stomach terribly."

"I have taken all kinds of medicines and have been treated by all kinds of doctors, as thousands of my acquaintances are aware in different parts of the United States, where I have traveled, but my relief was only temporary, until a little over a year ago I started to take Peruna, and at the present time I am better than I have been for twenty years."

"The soreness has left my stomach entirely and I am free from indigestion and dyspepsia and will say to all who are troubled with catarrh or stomach trouble of any kind, don't put it off and suffer, but begin to take Peruna right away, and keep it up until you are cured, as you surely will be if you persevere."

"My wife, as many in the southwest can say, was troubled with a bad cough and bronchial trouble, and doctors all over the country gave her up to die, as they could do nothing more for her. She began taking Peruna with the result that she is better now than she has been in years, and her cough has almost left her entirely. The soreness has left her lungs and she is as well as she ever was in her life, with thanks, as she says, to Peruna. Yours very truly,

T. P. Moody.

Catarrh in its various forms is rapidly becoming a general curse. An undoubted remedy has been discovered by Dr. Hartman. This remedy has been thoroughly tested during the past forty years. Prominent men have come to know of its virtues, and are making public utterances on the subject. To save the country we must save the people. To save the people we must protect them from disease. The disease that is at once the most prevalent and stubborn of cure is catarrh.

If one were to make a list of the different names that have been applied to catarrh in different locations and organs, the result would be astonishing. We have often published a partial list of these names, and the surprise caused by the first publication of it to all people, both professional and non-professional, was amusing. And yet we have never enumerated all of the diseases which are classed as catarrh. It must be confessed, however, to see even this partial list drawn up in battle array is rather appalling. If the reader desires to see this list, together with a short exposition of each one, send for our free catarrh book. Address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.



Colonel T. P. Moody, of Chicago, Had Catarrh Twenty-five Years and Was Cured by Peruna.

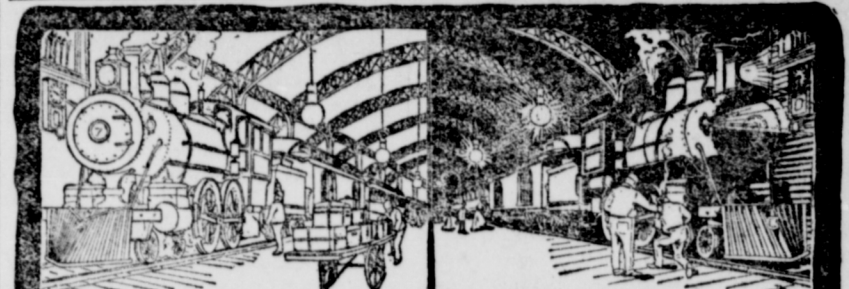
Satisfaction

is unusual with "Five-Cent cigar smokers," but it has been the everyday experience of hundreds of thousands of men who have smoked

Old Virginia Cheroots

during the last thirty years, because they are just as good now—in fact, better than when they were first made.

Three hundred million Old Virginia Cheroots smoked this year. Ask your own dealer. Price, 3 for 5 cents.



Two Trains a Day to Texas.

The Cotton Belt Route, via Memphis, offers you two daily trains to Texas: One leaves at 9.20 a. m., the other at 8.30 p. m. The trains from all principal points arrive in Memphis morning and evening in plenty of time to make this connection.



The Cotton Belt offers you the quickest and shortest route to Texas, without change of cars. Both day and night trains are equipped with comfortable coaches and free reclining chair cars; also Parlor Cars, Day and Night Pullman Sleepers at night.

Write and tell us where you are going and when you will leave, and we will tell you what your ticket will cost and what train to take to make the best time and connections. We will also send you an interesting little booklet, "A Trip to Texas."

W. C. FELLER, D.P.A., Memphis, Tenn. W. G. ADAMS, T.P.A., Nashville, Tenn. H. B. SUTTON, T.P.A., Chattanooga, Tenn. E. R. WYATT, T. P. A., Cincinnati, Ohio. M. ADAMI, T. P. A., Cairo, Ill. E. W. LA BEAUME, G. P. and T. A., St. Louis, Mo.

PILES

mail on receipt of price, 50 cents and \$1.00. WILLIAMS' PILE CURE, CO. PROP., CLEVELAND, OHIO.

The Question of Dessert

Is easily and simply solved with a package of Bournville's Hasty Jellycon. It is only necessary to dissolve a package of it in boiling water and set away to cool. The result is a delightfully pure jelly, and an ideal dessert. The flavors are orange, lemon, strawberry, raspberry, peach, wild cherry and the unflavored "calfskin" for making wine and coffee jellies. All grocers sell it.

Top Snap

Complete Double

Price \$1.00

Order 70

FISH-TACKLE

Complete Double

Price \$1.00

Order 70

Order 70

Order 70

Order 70

Order 70

Order 70

Order 70

CHICAGO TO OMAHA

Double Daily Service

New line via Rockford, Dubuque, Waterloo, Fort Dodge and Council Bluffs. Buffet-lounge-smoking

cars, sleeping cars, free reclining chair cars, dining cars. Send to the undersigned for a free copy of Pictures and Notes En Route illustrating this new line as seen from the car window.

Tickets of agents of I. C. R. & connecting lines.

A. H. HANSON, G. F. A., Chicago.

A. H. HANSON, G. F. A., Chicago.

A. H. HANSON, G. F. A., Chicago.

A. H. HANSON, G. F. A., Chicago.

A. H. HANSON, G. F. A., Chicago.

THE CITIZEN.

BEREA - KENTUCKY.

NOVEMBER 1, 1900.

The Debating Society.

Suggestions for a Second Meeting.

Call to order by the temporary chairman.
Song. My country 'Tis of Thee, etc. (See next column of CITIZEN.)
Record of last meeting read by the temporary secretary.

Corrections may be offered by any member and in case there is a disagreement upon any point it may now be decided by vote. If there are no further corrections the "minutes", or record, stand approved.

The temporary chairman will appoint some person to give at the next meeting a careful review of the exercises presented at the meeting. The Reviewer should take the written exercises and examine them as to penmanship, spelling, paragraphing, and punctuation, and then consider the still more important matters of truthfulness, style, force, power to awaken interest, etc. The Reviewer will also criticize the debates and the ularity of all the proceedings of the meeting.

The chairman will appoint some person to give a reading or declamation, and one to give an essay upon.

I. Public Buildings of the United States. (See pictures in the Young Citizen), or

II. What the young folks can do for their district. (See Chap. II in the Young Citizen.)

Also two to affirm and two to deny one of the following:

I. Resolved, that the present law requiring a unanimous vote of a jury to convict one accused of crime is best for the public welfare.

II. Resolved, that no marriage should be permitted unless the parties have property to the value of three hundred dollars.

Report of committee on Constitution and By-Laws.

This report should be read through and then taken up one article at a time. Each article is open for amendment, and each amendment may be discussed and must then be adopted or rejected by vote. Then the article itself must be voted on.

When the Constitution and By-Laws are adopted it is recommended that the election of officers be deferred one week so as to give time at this second meeting for the appointed

PROGRAM.
Reading or declamation.
Essay.
Debate.

Professor Raymond has been visiting some of his many friends in Lee and Wolf Counties, and is now meeting with a cordial reception in Mogoflin county where he conducts a Peoples' Institute and expects to organize a large Citizens' Union.

Berea For The Mountains.

A good deal has been said in connection with the Goebel trials about the lawlessness of the mountain counties. But Mr. Yerkes has defended them in fine style, and every mountain family has reason to be grateful for the way in which he and a few others have stood up for them.

The fact is that the mountain people have been misunderstood for a long time. The newspapers make a point of telling the story of every fight and killing, but they do not tell of the teachers' institutes, and Sunday-schools, and temperance votes, and the splendid war record of the mountains. Nor do they explain the great difficulties that the mountain people have to contend with because of the lack of good roads. If the people of Lexington should all be transported to Letcher county, in ten years they would be living about as the people there are living now.

There is where the great work of Berea College comes in. Berea has taken account not only of the mountains of Kentucky but of the whole mountain region. The people of Letcher county would not be so far out of the world if they were not hemmed in by the mountains of Virginia and Tennessee and North Carolina. The mountain region covers parts of nine states. In all these nine states President Frost claims that the people of the Kentucky mountains are the best, and if he can help them get a start they will help all the others.

Now Berea is offering to the young people of the mountains the best education. Berea has searched the country over to find the best teachers, and is providing more thoroughly for its students than any other school. And in particular it is adapting its work to this region—teaching wood-work, house-work, farming, nursing, and other things that will help every family.

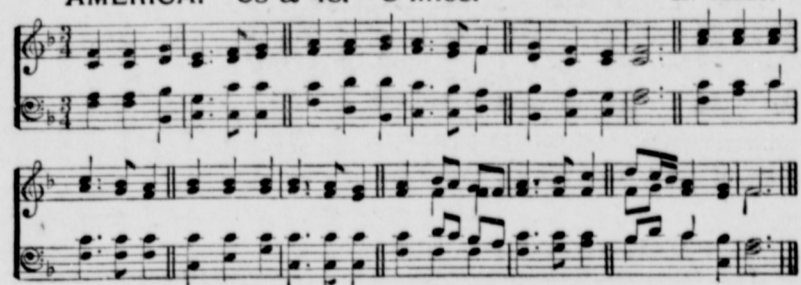
And more than this Berea has made friends for the mountain people by telling of their good traits and removing the mistakes people had made from reading the newspapers. Helen Gould, perhaps the first lady in America, made a journey from her New York home on purpose to visit Berea College. It is a great thing that Berea has done in enlisting such friends as that.

Theodore Roosevelt is another good friend of the mountains. In a speech for Berea College in Trinity Church, Boston, he said:

"President Frost has made us understand the mountain people better. All he has said has made us think more of them. Berea College is helping our friends and fellow-countrymen in the mountain region in the most practical way, and I am glad to do my share to help it on."

AMERICA. 6s & 4s. 8 lines.

H. CAREY.



America.

1 My country, 'tis of thee,
Sweet land of liberty,
Of thee I sing:
Land where my fathers died,
Land of the pilgrims' pride,
From every mountain side
Let freedom ring.

3 Let music swell the breeze,
And ring from all the trees
Sweet freedom's song;
Let mortal tongues awake,
Let all that breathe partake,
Let rocks their silence break,
To sound a long and great
The sound prolong.

4 Our fathers' God, to thee,
Author of liberty,
To thee we sing;
Long may our land be bright
With freedom's holy light,
Protect us by thy might,
Great God, our King.

SAMUEL FRANCIS SMITH.

Correspondence.

Young men who apply to Mr. J. C. Teeters for work, wages to be used for schooling, can now find employment. Several are working and saving up for Winter term. Come along quick.

Garrard County.

Paint Lick. Aunt Nancy Best aged 83, died the 21st.

Mrs. Burke filled Rev. J. R. Howe's appointment here on the third Sunday. Brother Howe was detained because of the sickness of his wife.

Nearly all of our citizens went to Richmond to hear Yerkes.

The protracted services at Fair View closed on the 21st: there were ten additions to the Church.

Rev. Shepherd has accepted a call to the pastorate of the Baptist Church, at Mt. Tabor.

Bourbon County.

Millersburg. Quite a number from Caneridge attended the funeral of Mr. Slaughter. His bereaved wife, and mother have our sympathy.

Eddie Baker, after a protracted illness, died of consumption. Funeral at Methodist Church.

Friends, as well as members, all seemed glad to have the Rev. Hearlon returned as pastor.

Miss Iva Dee Williams, of Carlisle, is visiting the Misses Lewis.

Mrs. J. Breckonridge, of Jacksonton, and Mrs. Robert Brown, of Carlisle, attended services at the Christian Church and were guests of Mrs. Dan. Brown.

Miss Hattie Mayberry is quite sick.

Mrs. Lizzie Johnson, of Mayslick, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Marshall Rose this week.

Mrs. White, of Maysville is visiting her sister Mrs. Richard Bush this week.

Clay County.

Ogle. William Swafford has a new supply of goods.

Two of Wm. Swafford's children are very low with flux.

Born to William Jourdan and wife a fine girl baby.

T. F. Clark moved into the house with Ed. Frederick last week.

Miss Sudie Smith visited friends on Goose Creek, Saturday and Sunday.

Ed. Frederick and wife attended Church at Mud Lick Saturday and Sunday.

M. H. Frederick visited relatives on Goose Creek Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. T. F. Clark and Miss Ella Frederick were married Oct. 4.

It is reported that Mr. Thomas Woods and Miss Nellie Smallwood are to be married soon.

Ed. Frederick and William Swafford will engage in the stove business

Jackson County.

Kerby Knob. Joseph Hays has returned from Winchester.

Miss Lottie Parks was the guest of Miss Agnes Rucker last Saturday.

There were preaching services at the Oak Grove church, Saturday and Sunday, conducted by Rev. Jas. Lunsford.

The Civil Liberty Club, which was organized sometime ago, has an enrollment of 85 members. The Club was addressed Thursday night Oct. 25, by Jackson Morris, the mountain orator.

Walter Garratt is very low with consumption.

P. Clay Bawldin spoke to a large crowd at Sinking Valley school house, Saturday night, Oct. 20, on Civil Liberty.

Miss Nora Click attended preaching services at Clover Bottom Sunday.

Clover Bottom. Rain is very badly needed now.

Hiram Dean's baby is better.

Walter Garrett has had a hemorrhage of the lungs.

Levi Kimberlin is very ill. Dr. Robinson came to see him Thursday.

Miss Ollie Hatfield is with friends in Berea.

R. W. Ewell of London will address the citizens of Jackson county, at Kerby Knob, Friday, Nov. 2nd, at 8 p. m. Later Mr. Ewell will speak at other points near here.

Rev. Wm. Anderson, candidate for county assessor, is in our neighborhood.

Edward Anderson, of Tyner, went to Berea Friday on business.

The church at Oak Grove (Christian Reformed) will be dedicated the third Sunday in November.

Mr. Morris will work next week in Laurel county.

Several of our men will attend the rally at Berea Thursday.

C. P. Moore who is teaching at this place went to see his family Friday.

Miss Mary Parks is visiting at Mr. J. Burdette's.

Hurrah for McKinley, Yerkes and the CITIZEN.

Aunt Jane Durham is expected next Friday from a two weeks' visit with her children in Ohio.

Misses Mary Cox and Eva Fowler, of Drip Rock, visited friends at Kirby Knob Saturday.

Owsley County.

Gabbard. Jack Frost paid us a visit last week.

J. K. Gabbard has been hauling lumber for his new dwelling.

James Whitaker of Wolf Creek is getting ready to move to Perry county.

A great part of the corn that has been gathered is said to be damaged by decay.

Geo Abshire has been hauling ties from H. C. Gabbard's for Abige Marshall of Wolf Creek.

The Roberts Bros. have been hauling ties for John Mason.

The sweet potato crop in this vicinity was never better than that of the present year.

John L. Gabbard had the largest sugar-cane crop in this community. He made 103 gallons of molasses.

The Sunday-school at this place, is not doing as good work now as it did at first owing to the lack of interest by parents and citizens.

Uncle Colson Duff of this place, age 86 years, was granted a pension of \$250. for his son that was lost in the civil war.

The schools of this county are not so successful as they might be. There is not enough interest manifested by the patrons and trustees.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Moore and Sister Dora, and Meridath Gabbard of this place attended the Association held on Meadow Creek last Saturday. They report a nice time.

Alex Duff, wife of Perry county visited Wm. Duff and family last week.

There was a shooting match at the mouth of Snake Branch, on Saturday, for Mutton.

Allen Sutton of Booneville spoke at the Grassy Branch school house in the interest of the Republican Party.

Thomps York of Booneville was here last week and purchased a fine sheep from C. H. Gabbard.

The election is near at hand and now is the time to look and think before you vote. Be sure and vote for Civil Liberty and prosperity.

WANTED—ACTIVE MAN OF GOOD CHARACTER to deliver and collect in Kentucky for old established manufacturing wholesale house. \$500 a year, sure pay. Honesty more than experience required. Our reference, any bank in any city. Inclose self-addressed, stamped envelope. Manufacturers, Third Floor, 334 Dearborn St., Chicago.

THE HOME.

(Edited pro tem by the Manager.)

Learning that quite a number of our bright mountain girls expect to attend school at Berea this winter, the Editor of the Home Column asked the Principal of the Ladies' Department of Berea College, to write a letter especially for those who are preparing to come. The letter will be of interest and will benefit you. Read it carefully.

DEAR GIRLS:—I am very glad that Mr. Dodwell has asked me to send you a word of greeting through the CITIZEN. I remember so well the time when I was a young girl and getting ready to go away from home for the first time. And I want to write to you such advice about practical matters as I should then have been glad to have had written to me. I remember how carefully my mother and I planned about my clothing and bedding, and how the supplies of food and firewood should be sent to me. As we had our home on a farm, the very best way to provide for my board seemed to be for me to "board myself" on supplies sent from home. And I am quite sure that there are many girls in our mountains now who would better do this way. Such girls will need to write to engage rooms, for Berea is going to be full this winter.

If you do not wish to keep house for yourselves, the best place for you is at Ladies' Hall, where most of the girls who are away from home live. My home is in Ladies' Hall, and Mrs. Yocum, whom some of you girls who have never seen Berea know, lives here also. Many of the girls help about parts of the house work. One of the girls is cleaning my own rooms for me, while I am writing to you this Saturday morning. Other girls are doing their own washing in the laundry, or cleaning their own rooms, or cleaning corridors, or the dining room. After each meal several girls, fifteen now that we have one hundred boarders, clear the tables and wash the dishes. They all like to do this work. They have pleasant times in the dining room too, when the teachers and the young men and the young women have their meals together, and the talk at table is helpful and instructive. Then there are good books to read, and often in recreation hours the girls have some one play the piano to amuse them, and also play games which they enjoy. Sometimes we have "socials," when the young people come in for an hour and get acquainted with each other.

I am anxious to see you all, and want you to do all the good you can when you come. When you first come, everything will seem strange and you will want to see your folks at home more than you ever did before in your life. But you will soon get acquainted, and will begin to like your school mates and your teachers; and so after a short time, you will want to stay in Berea a great deal more than you wanted to go home.

When you plan your clothes be sure to have everything plain and serviceable. If you have ruffles they will catch the dust, lace will get torn and soiled and feathers will lose their curl, and you will wish you had plain dresses and plain hats. When it rains, school will go on just the same, so you should have an outside garment which will not be spoiled if it gets wet, and an umbrella and a pair of rubbers. You will need sufficient plain underclothing to be able to keep clean and neat always. You need also to bring plenty of towels, three sheets, two pillow slips and a pillow, and blankets or other bed covers enough for warmth, and a neat outside bed cover. Each girl should bring as much bedding as I have mentioned, for it is no more than she will need. If you want to come to Ladies' Hall you should write to engage a room, and to ask for work if you want to have it. I think it is more necessary this year than ever before to speak for rooms and work in advance.

I have been writing you about getting ready to come, because I am sure you will be glad to know that you will need to provide for clothing and bedding. Now I want to tell you that there are things ready and waiting for you here. The first is a hearty welcome, for we shall be glad to see you. We want to help you to be happy and useful, not only while you are here but all your lives. I wish I could tell you what warm hearts our teachers have for their pupils, and how much they want them to learn well in school. They will work very hard for you and they will do it because they love you and want to help you get an education. And they will want your help too; and if you are cheerful and diligent you will be helping your teachers as much as they help you. I shall want to get just as well acquainted with you as I can. I want you all to come to see me as often as you can, and I shall come to see you; but when you see how many different things I have to do, you will see that I cannot call on each student very often. I want you to know that I am never too busy to see you when you are sick, or lonesome, or discouraged, or feel a real need for some one to tell your troubles to. I should be very glad to have a letter from each of you who want to come to Berea, and I promise you that I will answer if you write to me.

Your sincere friend,
Josephine A. Robinson.

THE SCHOOL.

Edited by J. W. Dinsmore, Dean of the Normal Department, Berea College.

Will Your Children be Ahead Next Spring.

We are aiming just now at fathers and mothers. What are you planning for your son and daughter this coming winter? The farm work is about done, and the long winter months are coming.

Do you know that many of your neighbors' children are going to Berea to school? Why should you be left behind? When Spring comes the young people who have been in school will be greatly improved. They will know more, and appear better, and will have better things to think about than ever before. They will be full of plans for getting on in the world. But the boys and girls who do nothing all winter will be worse in the spring. Their minds will be like neglected gardens, and in many cases bad habits like weeds and thistles, will be in full possession.

Do not say that education will not help them any. They will learn how to keep accounts, write letters on business, understand the management of stock and the handling of tools. And better than that they will be trained to be temperate, self possessed, steady, industrious, honest, truthful citizens.

And do not say you cannot afford to send them. Berea College comes half way and helps you. You pay the College only \$3.50 or \$4.50 a term, as an incidental fee to help keep up the buildings, pay janitors, and so on, and the College gives you instruction that costs on an average \$40. a year. And in addition to this incidental fee you must provide for your child to live in Berea. Board and room and fuel and oil and washing, for one who lives in College buildings costs about \$7.00 a month.

We know one boy who rides seven miles into Berea every morning and rides back every night.

We know two girls who walk in three miles.

We know a mother who brought provisions from her home seventy miles away for her girls who were boarding themselves at school.

What Others Have Done You Can Do.

If you do not secure education for your children they will certainly fall behind.

The chance to educate your children at Berea is one of the greatest blessings God has given you. You cannot, perhaps, give them a fortune—but a Christian education is something better. There are no gold mines around here, and little very fertile land. We cannot brag of our factories or our palaces. But we have one of the best schools in the world here, and this is a good climate for raising men and women.

Winter Term begins December 12th.

Necessary Expenses for 12 Weeks School.

Persons who board themselves can spend as much or little as they choose on living expenses. It pays to have a little extra money for books, books, and other things. But the necessary expenses are only as follows:

To pay the first day:		HOWARD HALL	LADIES' HALL
School (Incidental Fee) . . .	\$ 4.50	\$4.50	
Ex-Hospital Fee . . .	25	25	
Books, etc., about . . .	2.00	2.00	
Key Deposit . . .	1.00	1.00	
Room (store, table, etc.) . . .	2.00	2.50	
Fuel and oil . . .	2.50	5.00	
Rent of Laundry . . .	50	50	
First Month's Board . . .	5.00	5.00	
Living Expenses . . .	17.25	18.75	
Key Deposit returned . . .	1.00	1.00	
Total Expense, 12 Weeks . . .	27.75	27.75	

For those below A Grammar deduct the \$2 for books, and \$1 from incidental fee, making the total only \$24.75.

When four girls room together each saves \$1 on room, and \$2 or more on fuel, making the total only \$21.75.

The price of a big calf, a little tan bark, or a few home-spun bed-covers, will give a term of school which will change one's whole life for the better!

9-27-01.

THE FARM.

Edited by S. C. MASON, Professor of Horticulture, Berea College.

A Potato Account and Some History.

Plot "D" of the College farm lands comprises 1.4 acres between the Richmond Pike and the farm barn. It has the yellow clay soil which is characteristic of the Berea ridge but much improved in color and texture by the culture and treatment it has had during the past few years, and it lies near enough to the break of the hill to be better drained than the most of the ridge land.

As the history of this piece of ground brings out several important points. I will give it. In 1897 when I came here this ground was in red clover but pretty well run out and in the following spring it was plowed up and sown to oats, making a fine crop, which though fed from the sheaf, would have yielded at least 50 bushels to the acre.

This shows what two years of clover will do for this land. Some volunteer clover and oats made a little summer grazing for calves and in the fall of 1898 the land was sown to rye which afforded some fall and a good deal of spring pasture for a colt and several calves, with an occasional bite for milk cows.

In June 1899 what remained of the rye was plowed under and a bushel and a peck of cow peas sown to the acre. By September these were a rank growth, knee high and well loaded with pods. A good number of hogs were turned in and they ate vines, pods and all with great relish, making a gain which paid well for the crop.

Last spring the ground was well prepared and planted to potatoes. A close account was kept of all expenses and of the product and sales which may be of interest to our readers. It shows as follows:

DEBITS.		
Plowing and preparing land . . .	\$3.00	
Seed potatoes . . .	11.63	
Planting and tending . . .	3.22	
Paris green for bugs50	
Digging crop . . .	5.50	
	\$23.55	

CREDITS.		
36½ bu. Early Rose @ 40c. . .	\$14.60	
105 " Burbanks @ 50c. . .	52.50	
29 " small and culls . . .	3.51	
170½ bushels bringing . . .	\$70.61	
Balance above cost of production, \$47.06.		

This gives a yield of 121½ bushels to the acre and an income of \$38.57 to the acre for rent of ground and profits.

This yield is nothing to boast of for a potato country and is given only because it is a good deal ahead of local averages for the same kind of land. This crop however, at local prices gives a very nice profit and makes one think of "how much money he is losing by not having potatoes to sell."

Another point to be taken in to account; is the improved texture of the soil under this treatment. The vegetable matter that has been added to it has given it a much darker color and it is found to retain moisture better and is much more friable and workable than it was. We have again sown it to rye, planning to graze it in the spring as late as is profitable, then to plow the rye under and plant corn.

To Whom it may Concern:

This is to certify that we have investigated Messrs. Chas. L. Pettis & Co., Buyers of country produce, 404 Duane Street, New York, and find them to be worthy of all credit and financially able to fulfill any contract that they might make, and cheerfully recommend them to all dealers in produce, as a sound financial house to sell to.

Yours truly,
DANIELS & COMPANY, Bankers.
6 Wall St. & 96 Broadway,
Sept. 28, 1900. New York.

9-27-01.

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The school is endorsed by Baptists, Congregationalists, Disciples, Methodists, Presbyterians, and good people of all denominations.

For information and friendly advice address the Vice-President,